

SURGICAL PROPHYLAXIS: GENITOURINARY

ChAMP Empiric Guidelines

CLINICAL SCENARIO		DRUGS/DOSES				
		Standard Protocol	Known or Suspected MRSA ^a	Penicillin allergy ^b Delayed	Penicillin allergy ^b Immediate	
Genitourinary	Pyeloplasty, Reimplantation or Hypospadias repair	IV Cephazolin 25mg/kg (to a maximum of 2grams) as a single dose Repeat dose if operation > 4 hours AND IV Gentamicin 5mg/kg (to a maximum of 480mg) as a single dose only	Vancomycin ^c AND Gentamicin ^d	As per standard protocol	Clindamycin ^e AND Gentamicin ^d	
		Ongoing prophylaxis with cotrimoxazole 4mg/kg/dose (equivalent to 0.5mL/kg/dose) to a maximum of 160mg trimethorpim component is recommended whilst stents are <i>in situ</i>				
	Cystoscopy +/- ureteric stent removal	CONSIDER IV Gentamicin 5mg/kg (to a maximum of 480mg) as a single dose				
	Bladder augmentation or Mitroffanoff appendico- vesicostomy	IV Cephazolin 25mg/kg (to a maximum of 2grams) as a single dose Repeat dose if operation > 4 hours AND IV Gentamicin 5mg/kg (to a maximum of 480mg) as a single dose AND IV Metronidazole 12.5mg/kg (to a maximum of 500mg) as a single dose	Vancomycin ^c AND Gentamicin ^d AND Metronidazole ^f	As per standard protocol	Clindamycin ^e AND Gentamicin ^d	
	Nephrectomy (Complete or Partial)	IV Cephazolin 25mg/kg (to a maximum of 2grams) as a single dose Repeat dose if operation > 4 hours	ADD Vancomycin ^c to standard protocol	As per standard protocol	Clindamycin ^e AND Gentamicin ^d	
	Circumcision, orchidopexy or hydrocele repair	Prophylaxis not r	outinely recomme	nded	_	

- a) Children known or suspected to be colonised with MRSA may need to have their therapy/prophylaxis modified. Children suspected of having MRSA include:
 - i) household contacts of MRSA colonised individuals and
 - ii) children with recurrent skin infections or those unresponsive to beta-lactam therapy. For further advice, discuss with Microbiology or ID service
- b) An immediate (IgE mediated) reaction is characterised by the development of urticaria, angioedema, bronchospasm or anaphylaxis within 1 to 2 hours of drug administration. Delayed reactions including maculopapular or morbilloform rashes, drug fever and cytopenias and are more in keeping with other forms of immunological reactivity. Isolated diarrhoea is not usually immune-mediated and does NOT contraindicate the future use of an antibiotic.
- c) IV Vancomycin 15mg/kg (to a maximum of 750mg) given via slow infusion. Repeat dose if operation > 6 hours
- d) IV Gentamicin 5mg/kg (to a maximum of 480mg) as a single dose only
- e) IV Clindamycin 10mg/kg (to a maximum of 600mg) as a single dose. Repeat dose if operation > 6 hours
- f) IV Metronidazole 12.5mg/kg (to a maximum of 500mg) as a single dose only

File Name and Path:	ame and Path: W:\Safety & Quality\CAHS\CLOVERS MEDICAL Pharmacy\Procedures Protocols and Guidelines\ChAMP				
Document Owner:	Children's Antimicrobial Management Program (ChAMP)				
Reviewer / Team:	Children's Antimicrobial Management Program Pharmacist				
Document Sponsor:	PMCCU				
Date First Issued:	August 2013	Version: 2	ersion: 2		
Last Revised:	October 2013	Review Date:	August 2015		
Endorsed by:	DTC	Date: 19 th Augu	Date: 19th August 2013		
Standards Applicable:	NSQHS Standards: O				
The accuracy of this document is not guaranteed when printed					